# Functional Mobility & Wheelchair Assessment ©

# **PATIENT INFORMATION:**

Name:		DOB:	1	1	Sex: M	/ F	Date:	1	1	Time:
Address:	Physician: Phone:					The following <b>ATP</b> was present and participated in this evaluation				
Phone:	Therapist: Phone:				Signature					
Spouse/Parent/Caregiver name:	Insuran Primary:	ce/Payer:					Print name			
Phone:	Secondary: Tertiary:						Phone:			
Reason for referral:										
Patient goals:										
Caregiver goals and specific limitations that may affect care:										

### HOME ENVIRONMENT:

House Condo/town home Apartment	Asst living	□Own □Re	nt
Lives alone Lives with others -			Hours <u>without</u> assistance:
Home is accessible to patient Comments:	Storage of wheelchair.	☐In home	Other

## COMMUNITY :

TRANSPORTATION:						
Car Van Public Transportation Adapted w/c Lift Ambulance Other:	☐Sits in wheelchair during transport					
Where is w/c stored during transport?	Tie Downs D EZ Lock					
Self-Driver Drive while in Wheelchair Dyes Dno						
Employment and/or school: Specific requirements pertaining to mobility						
Other:						

#### COMMUNICATION:

Verbal Communication	WFL receptive WFI	Lexpressive DUnderstandable Difficult to understand Dnon-communicative
Primary Language:	2 <sup>nd</sup> :	Communication provided by: Patient I Family Caregiver Translator
Uses an augmentativ	e communication device	Manufacturer/Model :

### **MEDICAL HISTORY:**

Diagnosis:	Diagnosis Code:	Primary Diag Onset:	jnosis:	Diagnosis Code:	Diagnosis:			
	Diagnosis Code:	Diagnosis:		Diagnosis Code:	Diagnosis:			
Progressive	disease							
Height:		Weight:	Weight:         Explain recent changes or trends in weight:					
History:								
Cardio Status	:	Functional Limitation	ons:					
🗖 Intact 🗖 In	npaired							
Respiratory S	tatus:	Functional Limitation	ons:					
Intact Impaired ISOB COPD O2 DependentLPM Ventilator Dependent								
Resp equip:	Resp equip: Objective Measure(s) w/ effort &/or w/ rest:							
Orthotics:								
Amputee:			Prosthesis:					

**MOBILITY/BALANCE:** (Functional mobility includes completing MRADLs in a safe and timely manner independently.)

Sitting Balance	Standing Balance	Transfers	Ambulation					
🗖 WFL	🗖 WFL	Independent	Independent					
Uses UE for balance in sitting Comments:	Uses UE/device for stability Comments:	☐ Supervision	Ambulates independently with device:					
		🗖 Min assist	Able to ambulate feet					
☐ Supervision	Supervision	☐ Mod assist	safely/functionally/independently					
☐ Min assist	☐ Min assist	Max assist	Non-functional ambulator History/High risk of falls					
☐ Mod assist	☐ Mod assist	Dependent	Unable to ambulate					
🗖 Max assist	🗖 Max assist	Transfer method: 🗖 1 person 🗖 2	e person ☐sliding board ☐squat pivot					
🗖 Unable	🗖 Unable	☐stand pivot ☐mechanical patie	ent lift 🔲 other:					
Fall History: # of falls in the past 6 months? # of "near" falls in the past 6 months? # of injuries with falls?								

### **CURRENT SEATING / MOBILITY:**

Current Mobility Device: None Cane/Walker Manual Dependent Dependent w/ Tilt Scooter Power (type of control):							
Manufacturer:	Model:	Serial #:					
Size:	Color:	Age of current mobility device:					
Purchased by whom:							
Current condition of mobility base:							
Current seating system:	Age of seating system:						
Describe posture in present seating system; is	seating system meeting medical n	ecessity?					
Is the current mobility device meeting medical necessity?: □Yes □No							
If no, describe:							

Independent	□Supervision □Min □Mod □Max assist	Unable	Comments:			
Independent	Supervision	Unable				
Independent	Supervision	Unable				
Independent	☐Supervision ☐Min ☐Mod ☐Max assist	Unable				
Independent	☐Supervision ☐Min ☐Mod ☐Max assist	Unable				
	□Supervision □Min □Mod □Max assist	Unable				
	□Supervision □Min □Mod □Max assist	Unable				
Independent	☐Supervision ☐Min ☐Mod ☐Max assist	Unable				
Bowel Mgt: Continent Incontinent Accidents Diapers Colostomy Bowel Program						
	Independent Independent Independent Independent Independent Independent Independent Independent Independent	Independent       Supervision       Min       Mod       Max assist         Independent       Supervision       Min       Mod       Max assist	Independent       Supervision       Min       Mod       Max assist       Unable         Independent       Supervision       Min       Mod       Max assist       Unable			

## Ability to complete Mobility-Related Activities of Daily Living (MRADL's) with Current Mobility Device:

	Current Mobility										
Equipment Trialed/ Does not meet mobility needs due to:											
	Ruled Out:	Mark	all box	es that i	ndicate	inability t	to use the	speci	fic equ	lipment li	sted
	Meets needs										

	Meets needs for safe independent functional ambulation / mobility	Risk of Falling or History of Falls	Enviro- mental limita- tions	Cognition	Safety concerns with physical ability	Decreased / limitations endurance & strength	Decreased / limitations motor skills & coordination	Pain	Pace / Speed	Cardiac and/or respiratory condition	Contra – indicated by diagnosis
Cane/Crutches											
Walker / Rollator	٥										
Manual Wheelchair K0001-K0007: <b>DNA</b>											
Manual W/C (K0005)											
Manual W/C (K0005) with power assist			٥								
Scooter	0										
Power Wheelchair: standard joystick	٥										
Power Wheelchair: alternative controls	0						٦				
Summary:	native for indep	endent fun	ctional mo	bility was fo	ound to be	•					•

The least costly alternative for independent functional mobility was found to be:

Crutch/Cane Walker Manual w/c Manual w/c with power assist Scooter Power w/c std joystick Power w/c alternative control

Requires <u>dependent care</u> mobility device

#### Functional Processing Skills for Wheeled Mobility

Processing skills are adequate for safe mobility equipment operation  $\Box$  Yes  $\Box$  No

Patient is willing and motivated to use recommended mobility equipment D Yes D No

Patient is **unable** to safely operate mobility equipment independently and requires **dependent care** equipment

Comments:

## Patient Measurements:

	1 Comments/drawings						
	2						
$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right)$							
hard	3						
	4						
	5						
	6						
	7						
	8						
$\leftrightarrow$	9						
	12						
SENSATION and SKIN ISSUES:							
Sensation	e 🛛 Hypersensate 🗇 Defensiveness						
Location(s) of impairment:							
Pressure Relief Method(s): DLean side to side to offload	d (without risk of falling) 🗖 W/C push up (4+ times/hour for 15+ seconds)						
	) Other: (Describe)						
Functional pressure relief method(s) above can be perform	ned <u>consistently</u> throughout the day: □Yes □ No If not, Why? Include						
objective measurements: strength, balance, endurance, abnormal movements:							
Skin Integrity Risk: 🗍 Low risk 🛛 🗍 Moderate risk	☐ High risk						

Explain, include objective measurements:

Skin Issues/Skin Integrity								
Current skin Issues DYes DNo	History of Skin Issues DYes No	Hx of skin flap surgeries DYes DNo						
🗖 Intact 🗖 Red area 🗖 Open area	Where	Where						
☐Scar tissue ☐At risk from prolonged sitting								
Where	When	When						
	Stage							
Pain: TYes TNo Location(s):	Intensity scale: (0-10)							
How does pain interfere with mobility and/or MRADLs? What initiates the pain?:								

5/15

MAT EVA	MAT EVALUATION:				
Neuro-M	Neuro-Muscular Status: (Tone, Reflexive, Responses, etc.) 🗖 Intact				
☐Spasticit	y (objective measurements):				
Hypotoni	city □Fluctuating □Muscle Spa	sms DPoor Righting Reactions/F	Poor Equilibrium Reactions		
Primal R	eflex(s):				
Comments/	impact on seated posture:				
POSTURE:				COMMENTS:	
	Anterior / Posterior	<b>Obliquity</b> (viewed from front)	Rotation-Pelvis	Tonal Influence	
Р	D ~ B		tan tan tan	Pelvis:	
E	5 3 5		Asch Carls Hered		
v				Low tone	
l S	Neutral Posterior Anterior	WFL R obliquity L obliquity (L elev) (R elev)	WFL Right Left Anterior Anterior	Spasticity	
3	_	_	_	☐Dystonia ☐Pelvic thrust	
	Fixed – No movement	Fixed – No movement	Fixed – No movement	Other:	
	☐ Tendency away from neutral ☐ Flexible	Tendency away from neutral	Tendency away from neutral Flexible		
	Self-correction				
	External correction	External correction	External correction		
				Touchlefteener	
TRUNK	Anterior / Posterior	Left Right	Rotation-shoulders and upper trunk	Tonal Influence Trunk:	
		$(\rho \gamma)$		Normal	
	a the		1 × 1	Flaccid	
	1066216			☐Low tone ☐Spasticity	
	□ □ □ WFL ↑ Thoracic ↑ Lumbar	WFL Convex Convex	Neutral	Dystonia	
	Kyphosis Lordosis	Left Right	Left-anterior	Other:	
		C-curve S-curve Multiple	Right-anterior		
	☐ Fixed – No movement ☐ Tendency away from neutral	☐ Fixed – No movement ☐ Tendency away from neutral	<ul> <li>Fixed – No movement</li> <li>Tendency away from neutral</li> </ul>		
	Self-correction	Self-correction	Self-correction		
	External correction	External correction	External correction		
		Good head control	Describe Tone/Movement o	f head and neck:	
HEAD		Adequate head control			
& NECK	Rotated R I Lat flexed R	Limited head control			
NECK	$\square$ Rotated L $\square$ Lat flexed L	Absent head control			
	Cervical Hyperextension				

## Name:

## MR#:

	Position	Windswept	Hip R.O	.M / Strength
			WFL Righ Limit	
н			Hip Flex	R/5 L/5
I P	Neutral ABduct ADduct	Neutral Right Left	Hip Ext	R/5 L/5
S	Fixed – No movement	Tendency away from neutral	Hip ABd	R/5 L/5
	☐ Tendency away from neutral ☐ Flexible	Self-correction	Hip ADd	R/5 L/5
	Self-correction	External correction	Tone/Movements LE:	Normal Low tone Flaccid
KNEES & FEET	KneeR.O.M.RightLeftWFLWFLLimitationsLimitationsComments:	Foot Positioning         WFL       R       L         ROM concerns:       R       L         Dorsi-Flexed       R       L         Plantar Flexed       R       L         Inversion       R       L         Eversion       R       L	Rocks/Extends hip       Pro         Strength not formally ass         Edema LE -	ble impression when finger is skin.
	Flex Grade <b>R</b> / 5 <b>L</b> / 5	Dorsi Grade <b>R</b> / 5 <b>L</b> / 5	□ 3+ Deeper indent 30 seconds to	ation.
	Ext Grade <b>R</b> / 5 <b>L</b> / 5	Plantar Grade <b>R</b> /5 <b>L</b> / 5	<b>4+</b> > 30 seconds	
U P	SHOULDERS	R.O.M and Strength for UE		Tone/Movement of
P	Tendency Towards: Right Left	Ũ	Left R/L Strength _imits	☐ Normal ☐ Flaccid
R	G Functional G	Shider Flex	R/5 L/5	_
E X	Elevation     Depression	Shider ABd	R/5 L/5	Dystonia
T R	<ul><li>Protraction</li><li>Retraction</li></ul>	Shider ADd	R/5 L/5	☐Other:
E M	<ul><li>Int-rotation</li><li>Ext-rotation</li></ul>	Elbow Flex	R/5 L/5	🗖 Edema UE
I T		Elbow Ext	R/5 L/5	□ 1+ □ 2+ □ 3+ □ 4+ Describe:
Y		Comments:		
	Handedness: ☐Right	WNL   Right     Limitations	Left	Flex Grade <b>R</b> / 5 <b>L</b> / 5
Wrist &	□Left □NA	Contractures Fisting		Ext Grade <b>R</b> / 5 <b>L</b> / 5
Hand	Comments:	Tremors  Weak grasp		Pinch Strength
		Poor dexterity  Hand movement		Grip Strength
		non-functional Paralysis		

# MOBILITY BASE RECOMMENDATIONS and JUSTIFICATION:

MOBILITY BASE	JUSTIFI	CATION
Manufacturer: Model: Color: Seat Width: Seat Depth Manual mobility base (continue below) Scooter/POV (continued on page 11) Power mobility base (cont. on pg 11)	<ul> <li>is not a safe, functional ambulator</li> <li>limitation prevents from completing a MRADL(s) within a reasonable time frame</li> <li>limitation places at high risk of morbidity or mortality secondary to the attempts to perform a MRADL(s)</li> <li>limitation prevents accomplishing a MRADL(s) entirely</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>provide independent mobility</li> <li>equipment is a lifetime medical need</li> <li>walker or cane inadequate</li> <li>any type manual wheelchair inadequate</li> <li>scooter/POV inadequate</li> <li>requires dependent mobility</li> </ul>
Number of hours per day spent in above selected	ed mobility base:	
Typical daily mobility base use schedule:		

MANUAL MOBILITY		
Standard manual wheelchair         K0001         Arm:       both         both       right         left         Standard hemi-manual wheelchair         K0002         Arm:       both         both       right         left	<ul> <li>self-propels wheelchair</li> <li>will use on regular basis</li> <li>chair fits throughout home</li> <li>willing and motivated to use</li> <li>lower seat height required to foot propel</li> <li>short stature</li> <li>self-propels wheelchair</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>propels with assistance</li> <li>dependent use</li> <li>chair fits throughout home</li> <li>willing and motivated to use</li> <li>propels with assistance</li> </ul>
Lightweight manual wheelchair K0003 Arm: Doth Dright Dleft Foot: Doth Dright Dleft Dhemi height required	<ul> <li>will use on regular basis</li> <li>medical condition and weight of wheelchair affect ability to self propel standard manual wheelchair in the residence</li> <li>can and does self-propel (marginal propulsion skills)</li> </ul>	dependent use         daily usehours         chair fits throughout home         willing and motivated to use         lower seat height required to foot         propel         short stature
☐ High strength lightweight manual wheelchair (Breezy Ultra 4) K0004 Arm: □both □right □left Foot: □both □right □left	<ul> <li>medical condition and weight of wheelchair affect ability to self propel while engaging in frequent MRADL(s) that cannot be performed in a standard or lightweight manual wheelchair</li> <li>daily usehours</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>chair fits throughout home</li> <li>willing and motivated to use</li> <li>prevent repetitive use injuries</li> <li>lower seat height required to foot propel</li> <li>short stature</li> </ul>

Ultralightweight manual wheelchair         K0005 (current K0005 users)         Arm:       both         both       right         Ieft         Foot:       both         right       left         heavy duty         Front seat to floor       inches         Back height       inches         Back height       inches         Front angle       degrees	<ul> <li>full-time manual wheelchair user</li> <li>Requires individualized fitting and optimal adjustments for multiple features that include adjustable axle configuration, fully adjustable center of gravity, wheel camber, seat and back angle, angle of seat slope, which cannot be accommodated by a K0001 through K0004 manual wheelchair</li> <li>daily usehours</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>user has high activity patterns that frequently require them to go out into the community for the purpose of <u>independently</u> accomplishing high level MRADL activities. Examples of these might include a combination of; shopping, work, school, banking, childcare, independently loading and unloading from a vehicle etc.</li> <li>lower seat height required to foot propel</li> <li>short stature</li> <li>heavy duty - weight over 250lbs</li> </ul>		
□Current chair is a K0005 manufacture: □First time K0005 user (complete trial) K0004 time and # of strokes to propel 30 fe K0005 time and # of strokes to propel 30 fe Explain the result of the trial between the K	eet:secondsstrokes eet:secondsstrokes	5		
What features of the K0005 w/c are require Move the <b>rear wheel/axle forward</b> on the propulsion. How many inches foreward is the	e wheelchair frame to allow upper extren			
Move the <b>rear wheel/axle rearwar</b> d to increase stability. How many inches rearward? Allow the front of the seat frame to be <b>higher</b> than the <b>rear</b> of the seat frame to create a slope for a gravity-assisted position to provide increased trunk balance and/or access to the floor. Front seat to floor height" Rear seat to floor height"				
<ul> <li>Provide specific back post angle to pro</li> <li>Configure the rear wheel and caster size propulsion and /or access to the floor.</li> <li>Front seat to floor" Rear seat to floor here.</li> </ul>	s and position of the frame to provide a <b>v</b>			
Provide camber to increase lateral stabil Describe users full-time manual wheelchain				

☐Power assist	Dprevent repetitive use injuries	□user unwilling to use power
Comments:	☐repetitive strain injury present in shoulder girdle	wheelchair (reason)
	$\square$ should er pain is (> or =) to 7/10	
	during manual propulsion	
	Current Pain/10	less expensive option to power wheelchair
	participate in MRADL(s) Dunable to propel up ramps or	
	curbs using manual wheelchair	rim activated power assist – decreased strength
	☐been K0005 user greater than one year	
Heavy duty manual wheelchair	□user exceeds 250lbs	□able to self-propel in residence
K0006 Arm: □both □right □left	non-functional ambulator	
Foot: both right left hemi height required	Dextreme spasticity	
	Dover active movement	□lower seat to floor height required
Dependent base	broken frame/hx of repeated repairs	Dunable to self-propel in residence
☐Extra heavy duty manual	Duser exceeds 300lbs	Dower seat to floor height required
wheelchair K0007	non-functional ambulator	Dunable to self-propel in residence
Arm: both Tright Heft	☐able to self-propel in residence	
Foot: both right left hemi height required		
Dependent base	patient is dependent for transfers	Dpatient requires frequent
(Manual "Tilt-n-Space")	Dipatient requires frequent	positioning for poor/absent trunk
	positioning for pressure relief	control
□Stroller Base	☐infant/child	Inon-functional UE
	unable to propel manual wheelchair	Independent mobility is not a goal at this time
	☐allows for growth	
	non-functional ambulator	
MANUAL FRAME OPTIONS		
Push handles	Caregiver access	allows "hooking" to enable
□extended □angle adjustable	□caregiver assist	increased ability to perform ADLs or maintain balance
☐standard ☐Angle Adjustable Back	□postural control	
	Control of tone/spasticity	accommodation for seating system
	accommodation of range of motion	
Rear wheel placement	☐improved UE access to wheels	allow for seating system to fit on
☐std/fixed ☐fully adjustable☐amputee	□increase propulsion ability	base
Camberdegree	☐improved stability	Damputee placement
□removable rear wheel	□changing angle in space for	□1-arm drive access □ R □ L
non-removable rear wheel	improvement of postural stability	Interpretended and the second seco
Wheel size	☐remove for transport	amputee placement
Wheel style		

Wheel rims/ Hand rims Standard Specialized-	provide ability to propel manual wheelchair	☐increase self-propulsion with hand weakness/decreased grasp
□Spoke protector/guard	Dprevent hands from getting caught in	spokes
Tires: Dpneumatic Dflat free inserts	decrease roll resistance	prevent frequent flats
□solid	☐increase shock absorbency	decrease maintenance
Style:	decrease pain from road shock	
	decrease spasms from road shock	
Wheel Locks: Dpush Dpull Dscissor	□lock wheels for transfers	Iock wheels from rolling
Brake/wheel lock extension:  CR	allow user to operate wheel locks due to decreased reach or strength	
Caster housing:	Imaneuverability	☐allows change in seat to floor
Caster size:	☐stability of wheelchair	height
Style:	durability	
		increase shock absorbency
	angle adjustment for posture	decrease pain from road shock
Suspension fork	allow for feet to come under wheelchair base	decrease spasms from road shock
☐Side guards	prevent clothing getting caught in wheel or becoming soiled	eliminates contact between body and wheels
	provide hip and pelvic stability	Iimit hand contact with wheels
☐Anti-tippers	prevent wheelchair from tipping backward	☐assist caregiver with curbs

POWER MOBILITY		
Scooter/POV	<ul> <li>Can safely operate</li> <li>Can safely transfer</li> <li>has adequate trunk stability</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>cannot functionally propel manual wheelchair</li> </ul>
☐Power mobility base	<ul> <li>Inon-ambulatory</li> <li>Cannot functionally propel manual wheelchair</li> <li>Cannot functionally and safely operate scooter/POV</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□can safely operate power wheelchair</li> <li>□home is accessible</li> <li>□willing to use power wheelchair</li> <li>□</li> </ul>
Tilt Powered tilt on powered chair Powered tilt on manual chair Manual tilt on manual chair Comments:	<ul> <li>Change position for pressure relief/cannot weight shift</li> <li>Change position against gravitational force on head and shoulders</li> <li>decrease pain</li> <li>blood pressure management</li> <li>Control autonomic dysreflexia</li> <li>decrease respiratory distress</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>management of spasticity</li> <li>management of low tone</li> <li>facilitate postural control</li> <li>rest periods</li> <li>control edema</li> <li>increase sitting tolerance</li> <li>aid with transfers</li> </ul>

Recline Power recline on power chair Manual recline on manual chair Comments:	<ul> <li>intermittent catheterization</li> <li>manage spasticity</li> <li>accommodate femur to back angle</li> <li>change position for pressure relief/cannot weight shift</li> <li>high risk of pressure sore development</li> <li>full tilt alone (45-50 degrees) does not accomplish functional pressure relief, pressure relief achieved at -  degrees recline needed</li> <li>recline combined with tilt is needed to accomplish pressure relief</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>difficult to transfer to and from bed</li> <li>rest periods and sleeping in chair</li> <li>repositioning for transfers</li> <li>bring to full recline for ADL care</li> <li>clothing/diaper changes in chair</li> <li>gravity PEG tube feeding</li> <li>head positioning</li> <li>decrease pain</li> <li>blood pressure management</li> <li>control autonomic dysreflexia</li> <li>decrease respiratory distress</li> <li>user on ventilator</li> </ul>
Elevator on mobility base Power wheelchair Scooter	<ul> <li>performs weight bearing transfers to/from power wheelchair using either upper extremities on uneven surfaces or lower extremities during sit to stand transfers. Transfers occur with or without assistance and/or the use of assistive equipment</li> <li>performs non-weight bearing / dependent transfer to/from power wheelchair with or without lift</li> </ul>	□ performs reaching from power wheelchair to complete one or more MRADLs (ie toileting, feeding, dressing, grooming and bathing) with or without caregiver assistance and/or the use of assistive equipment. :
<ul> <li>Vertical position system (anterior tilt) (Drive locks-out)</li> <li>Stand (Drive enabled)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>independent weight bearing</li> <li>decrease joint contractures</li> <li>decrease/manage spasticity</li> <li>decrease/manage spasms</li> <li>pressure distribution away from scapula, sacrum, coccyx, and ischial tuberosity</li> <li>increase digestion and elimination</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>access to counters and cabinets</li> <li>increase reach</li> <li>increase interaction with others at eye level, reduces neck strain</li> <li>increase performance of MRADL(s)</li> </ul>
Power elevating legrest Center mount (Single) 85-170 degrees Standard (Pair) 100-170 degrees	<ul> <li>position legs at 90 degrees, not available with std power ELR</li> <li>center mount tucks into chair to decrease turning radius in home, not available with std power ELR</li> <li>provide change in position for LE</li> <li>elevate legs during recline</li> <li>maintain placement of feet on footplate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>decrease edema</li> <li>improve circulation</li> <li>actuator needed to elevate legrest</li> <li>actuator needed to articulate legrest preventing knees from flexing</li> <li>Increase ground clearance over curbs</li> <li>STD (pair) independently elevate legrest</li> </ul>
POWER WHEELCHAIR CONTROLS		<u> </u>
Controls/input device Expandable Non-expandable Proportional Right Hand Left Hand Non-proportional/switches/head-array Electrical/proximity Mechanical Manufacturer: Type:	<ul> <li>provides access for controlling wheelchair</li> <li>programming for accurate control</li> <li>progressive disease/changing condition</li> <li>required for alternative drive controls</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>lacks motor control to operate proportional drive control</li> <li>unable to understand proportional controls</li> <li>limited movement/strength</li> <li>extraneous movement / tremors / ataxic / spastic</li> </ul>

□Upgraded electronics controller/harness □Single power (tilt <u>or</u> recline) □Expandable □Non-expandable plus □Multi-power (tilt, recline, power legrest, power seat lift, vertical positioning system, stand)	<ul> <li>allows input device to communicate with drive motors</li> <li>harness provides necessary connections between the controller, input device, and seat functions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>needed in order to operate power seat functions through joystick/ input device</li> <li>required for alternative drive controls</li> </ul>	
☐Enhanced display	<ul> <li>required to connect all alternative drive controls</li> <li>required for upgraded joystick (lite-throw, heavy duty, micro)</li> </ul>	Allows user to see in which mode and drive the wheelchair is set; necessary for alternate controls	
☐Upgraded tracking electronics	<ul> <li>correct tracking when on uneven surfaces</li> <li>makes switch driving more efficient and less fatiguing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>increase safety when driving</li> <li>increase ability to traverse thresholds</li> </ul>	
Safety / reset / mode switches Type:	Used to change modes and stop the wheelchair when driving		
Mount for joystick / input device/ switches	<ul> <li>swing away for access or transfers</li> <li>attaches joystick / input device / switches to wheelchair</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>provides for consistent access</li> <li>midline for optimal placement</li> </ul>	
Attendant controlled joystick plus mount	<ul><li>☐safety</li><li>☐long distance driving</li><li>☐operation of seat functions</li></ul>	<ul> <li>compliance with transportation</li> <li>regulations</li> </ul>	
□Battery	required to power (power assist / scooter/ power wc / other):		
Power inverter (24V to 12V)	required for ventilator / respiratory equipment / other:		

CHAIR OPTIONS MANUAL & POWER				
Armrests adjustable height □removable swing away □fixed flip back □reclining full length pads □desk □tube arms gel pads	<ul> <li>provide support with elbow at 90</li> <li>remove/flip back/swing away for transfers</li> <li>provide support and positioning of upper body</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>allow to come closer to table top</li> <li>remove for access to tables</li> <li>provide support for w/c tray</li> <li>change of height/angles for variable activities</li> </ul>		
Elbow support / Elbow stop	keep elbow positioned on arm pad	keep arms from falling off arm pad during tilt and/or recline		
Upper Extremity Support         □Arm trough □ R □ L         Style:         □swivel mount □fixed mount         □posterior hand support         1½ tray         □full tray □joystick cut out □ R □ L         Style:	<ul> <li>decrease gravitational pull on shoulders</li> <li>provide support to increase UE function</li> <li>provide hand support in natural position</li> <li>position flaccid UE</li> <li>decrease subluxation</li> <li>decrease edema</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>manage spasticity</li> <li>provide midline positioning</li> <li>provide work surface</li> <li>placement for AAC/Computer/EADL</li> </ul>		

Hangers/ Legrests	Dprovide LE support	enable transfers
□ degree □elevating□articulating	Imaintain placement of feet on	Dprovide change in position for LE's
☐swing away □fixed □lift off	footplate	elevate legs during recline
Dheavy duty Dadjustable knee angle	accommodate lower leg length	☐decrease edema
adjustable calf panel	accommodate to hamstring	□durability
Ionger extension tube	tightness	
Foot support	provide foot support	enable transfers
□footplate □R □L □flip up	accommodate to ankle ROM	
☐depthadjustable	☐allow foot to go under wheelchair	
foot board/one piece	base	
☐Shoe holders	position foot	<b>□</b> stability
	decrease / manage spasticity	□safety
	Control position of LE	
Ankle strap/heel	Support foot on foot support	provide input to heel
loops	decrease extraneous movement	Dprotect foot
<b>Amputee adapter R</b>	Provide support for stump/residual	
• •	extremity	
Style: Size: Transportation tie-down	☐ to provide crash tested tie-down brac	kota 🗖
Crutch/cane holder	☐stabilize accessory on wheelchair	
□IV hanger □Ventilator tray/mount	Justification	
Component		
☐Seat cushion	□accommodate impaired sensation	□stabilize/promote pelvis alignment
	decubitus ulcers present or history	☐stabilize/promote femur alignment
	<b>D</b> unable to shift weight	accommodate obliquity
	☐increase pressure distribution	accommodate multiple deformity
	Dprevent pelvic extension	☐incontinent/accidents
	Custom required "off-the-shelf" seat cushion will not	☐low maintenance
	accommodate deformity	
<b>Seat mounts</b>	accommodate deformity	ir frama
Seat wedge	provide increased aggressiveness of	
	down in the seat	seat shape to decrease sliding
	□accommodate ROM □	
Cover replacement	protect back or seat cushion	□incontinent/accidents
Solid seat / insert	Support cushion to prevent	allows attachment of cushion to
	hammocking	mobility base
Lateral pelvic/thigh/hip	decrease abduction	accommodate spasticity
support (Guides)	□accommodate pelvis	□ removable for transfers
	□ position upper legs	
Lateral pelvic/thigh      Dfixed	mounts lateral pelvic/thigh supports	mounts lateral pelvic/thigh supports
supports mounts  Swing-away		swing-away or removable for transfers
_	decrease adduction	☐remove for transfers
Medial thigh support (Pommel)	_	
	□accommodate ROM	□alignment
Medial thigh	mounts medial thigh supports	mounts medial supports swing-
support mounts		away or removable for transfers
☐ removable		

Component	Just	Justification		
Back	<ul> <li>provide posterior trunk support</li> <li>provide lumbar/sacral support</li> <li>support trunk in midline</li> <li>provide lateral trunk support</li> <li>accommodate or decrease tone</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>facilitate tone</li> <li>accommodate deformity</li> <li>custom required "off-the-shelf" back support will not accommodate deformity</li> </ul>		
Back mounts		air frame		
□Lateral trunk □R □L supports	☐decrease lateral trunk leaning ☐accommodate asymmetry ☐contour for increased contact	<ul> <li>☐safety</li> <li>☐control of tone</li> <li>☐</li> </ul>		
□Lateral trunk     □fixed □swing-av       supports mounts     □removable	<i>ay</i> mounts lateral trunk supports	mounts lateral trunk supports swing- away or removable for transfers		
Anterior chest strap, vest	<ul> <li>decrease forward movement of shoulder</li> <li>decrease forward movement of trunk</li> <li>safety/stability</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>added abdominal support</li> <li>trunk alignment</li> <li>assistance with shoulder control</li> <li>decrease shoulder elevation</li> </ul>		
☐Headrest	<ul> <li>provide posterior head support</li> <li>provide posterior neck support</li> <li>provide lateral head support</li> <li>provide anterior head support</li> <li>support during tilt and recline</li> <li>improve feeding</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>improve respiration</li> <li>placement of switches</li> <li>safety</li> <li>accommodate ROM</li> <li>accommodate tone</li> <li>improve visual orientation</li> </ul>		
Headrest fixed removable flip dow mounting hardward swing-away laterals/switch	mounts headrest flip down or removable for transfers	mount headrest swing-away laterals     mount switches		
□Neck Support         Pelvic Positioner         □std hip belt         □padded hip belt         □dual pull hip belt         □four point hip belt	Image: decrease neck rotation         Image: decrease falling out of chair         Image: decrease falling out of cha	<ul> <li>decrease forward neck flexion</li> <li>pad for protection over boney prominence</li> <li>promote comfort</li> </ul>		
Essential needs bag/pouch	☐medicines ☐special food ☐ortho	□ medicines □ special food □ orthotics □ clothing changes □ diapers □ catheter/hygiene □ ostomy supplies □		
The above equipment has a life- long use expectancy. Growth and changes in medical and/or functional conditions would be the exceptions.				

## SUMMARY:

Why mobility device was selected; include why a lower level device	is not appropriate:

As a RESNA certified Assistive Technology Professional, I attest that I was present and collaboratively participated in this evaluation. I assisted in the completion of the below checked sections as deemed appropriate: Home environment: Measurements: Community: Current Seating/Mobility: Equipment Recommendations/Justifications:

ATP Supplier name printed:	
ATP Supplier signature:	Date:

#### SIGNATURE:

As the evaluating therapist, I hereby attest that I have personally completed this evaluation and that I am not an employee of or working under contract to the manufacturer(s) or the provider(s) of the durable medical equipment recommended in my evaluation. I further attest that I have not and will not receive remuneration of any kind from the manufacturer(s) or the durable medical equipment provider(s) for the equipment I have recommended with this evaluation.

Therapist name printed:	License:
Therapist's signature:	Date:

### I concur with the above findings and recommendations of the therapist:

Physician name printed:	
Physician's signature:	Date: